

## LICENSING COMMITTEE

**THURSDAY 22 NOVEMBER 2012**  
**7.00 PM**

**Bourges/Viersen Rooms - Town Hall**

### AGENDA

Page No

1. **Apologies for Absence**

2. **Declarations of Interest**

At this point Members must declare whether they have a disclosable pecuniary interest, or other interest, in any of the items on the agenda, unless it is already entered in the register of members' interests or is a "pending notification" that has been disclosed to the Solicitor to the Council.

Members must also declare if they are subject to their party group whip in relation to any items under consideration.

3. **Minutes of the Meeting held on 18 October 2012** 1 - 2

4. **Gambling Act 2005 - Peterborough City Council's Revised Statement of Principles** 3 - 42

#### Emergency Evacuation Procedure – Outside Normal Office Hours

*In the event of the fire alarm sounding all persons should vacate the building by way of the nearest escape route and proceed directly to the assembly point in front of the Cathedral. The duty Beadle will assume overall control during any evacuation, however in the unlikely event the Beadle is unavailable, this responsibility will be assumed by the Committee Chair.*

#### Committee Members:

Councillors: Thacker (Chairman), Peach (Vice Chairman), Hiller, Serluca, Allen, Nawaz, Jamil, Saltmarsh, Miners and Davidson

Substitutes: Councillors: Kreling, Johnson and Harrington

Further information about this meeting can be obtained from Gemma George on telephone 01733 452268 or by email – [gemma.george@peterborough.gov.uk](mailto:gemma.george@peterborough.gov.uk)



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**MINUTES OF A MEETING OF THE LICENSING COMMITTEE  
HELD AT THE TOWN HALL, PETERBOROUGH ON 18 OCTOBER 2012**

**Members Present:** Councillors Thacker (Chairman), Nawaz, Allen, Saltmarsh, Hiller, Miners, Jamil, Miners, Serluca and Peach

**Officers Present:** Kerry Leishman, Regulatory Officer  
Karen S Dunleavy, Governance Officer

**1. Apologies for Absence**

There were no apologies for absence.

**2. Declarations of Interest**

There were no declarations of interest.

**3. Minutes of the Meeting held on 20 September 2012**

The minutes of the meeting held on 20 September 2012 were approved as a true and accurate record.

**4. Peterborough City Council Gambling Act 2005 – Statement of Principals**

The Committee received a report on the Gambling Act 2005 requirements for all licensing authorities to prepare and publish a Statement of Principles, which had set out how duties would be administered. The report also advised that the Statement must be published at least every three years and amended from time to time, with any amended parts re-consulted upon, and subsequently re-published. The current statement was last published on 31 January 2010 and the current three year period was coming to an end.

Members were informed that the draft revised Statement of Principles was currently being consulted on and that the deadline date for representations was 26 October 2012.

In addition, Members were advised that a notice had appeared in the Peterborough Telegraph on 30 August 2012 advising where the draft Statement of Principles may be viewed, contact details and deadline dates for comments.

Members were requested to review and comment on the changes made to the Peterborough City Council Gambling Act 2005 - Statement of Principles prior to the end of the consultation process.

Comments and responses to questions included:

- Members commented that consideration should be given to strengthen the wording at paragraph 7.9 of the Statement of Principles to reflect the

Licensing Committee Members responsibility under the Code of Conduct to declare an interest where appropriate and when approached over their representation for a gambling license application;

- Following confirmation sought by Members, the Licensing Development Officer advised that no responses had been received following the public notice published in the Evening Telegraph;
- Members raised concerns over the clarity of a table within the policy which detailed the summary of licensing authority delegations permitted under the Gambling Act 2005;
- Following clarification sought by Members over the references in the list of consultees, the Licensing Development Officer advised that Cambridgeshire Fire was included due to their responsibility under the Licensing Act and Gamcare had been included due to their active interest as a partner agency;
- In clarification sought over Gamcare's involvement regarding the application for gambling licenses, the Licensing Development Officer advised that the agency were consulted as part of the process, which was why reference had been made to Gamcare in the Statement of Principles; and
- Following a question raised by Members, the Licensing Development Officer advised that Gamcare were not based locally, however, many licensed gambling outlets displayed Gamcare's code of practice mark.

**RESOLVED:**

The Committee reviewed and commented on the changes made to the Peterborough City Council's Gambling Act 2005 - Statement of Principles prior to the end of the consultation process.

It was confirmed that the Committee's comment regarding their duty of care under the Code of Conduct and matters of conflict of interest when requested to consider a gambling licensing application, would be incorporated into to the Statement of Principles.

**Reasons for the decision:**

It was a statutory requirement under Section 349 of the Gambling Act 2005 for licensing authorities to prepare, consult and revise three-yearly its Statement of Principles.

7.00pm – 7.10pm  
Chairman

<b>LICENSING COMMITTEE</b>	<b>AGENDA ITEM No. 4</b>
<b>22 NOVEMBER 2012</b>	<b>PUBLIC REPORT</b>

Cabinet Member(s) responsible:	Councillor Peter Hiller – Cabinet Member for Neighbourhoods, Housing and Planning	
Contact Officer(s):	Peter Gell – Strategic Regulatory Services Manager Adrian Day – Licensing Manager Kerry Leishman – Licensing Development Officer	Tel. 453419 Tel. 454437 Tel. 453502

**GAMBLING ACT 2005 – PETERBOROUGH CITY COUNCIL'S REVISED STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES**

R E C O M M E N D A T I O N S	
<b>FROM:</b> Strategic Regulatory Services Manager	<b>Deadline date : 5 December 2012</b>
<p>The Committee is requested to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Note the contents of the report,</li> <li>2. Note the comments received following public consultation,</li> <li>3. Approve the final Statement of Principles and recommend that it be adopted by Full Council on 5 December 2012.</li> </ol>	

**1. BACKGROUND**

- 1.1 Under Section 349 of the Gambling Act 2005, it is a requirement for each Council to produce, adopt and publish a Statement of Principles. This Statement will govern the way decisions are made by the Council and how it will administer its duties under the Act. Without a Statement of Principles the Council may be subject to Judicial Review for failing in its responsibilities to carry out a statutory duty.
- 1.2 The Act requires that the Statement of Principles is kept under continual review to incorporate where necessary any changes to the legislation and or Guidance as appropriate. In addition to this, the Act specifies that the Statement must be reviewed and revised on a three yearly basis.
- 1.3 The Second three year period began on 31 January 2010 and therefore is due to expire on 30 January 2013. The revised Statement must be drafted and consulted upon prior to it being adopted.
- 1.4 In order to meet our statutory obligations, a revised Statement has been drafted. Also in accordance with the Act, this revised Statement has been consulted upon.
- 1.5 In formulating the revised Statement, officers have given full consideration to the requirements of the Act, guidance issued by the Gambling Commission, and LACoRS (Local Authorities Coordinators of Regulatory Services) Model document. We have also liaised with colleagues from neighbouring authorities to ensure our Statements are consistent.

**2. PURPOSE**

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to make members aware of the comments received following the consultation process.

- 2.2 To approve the final Statement of Principles which includes the comments received following consultation in addition to the amendments where appropriate following the revised Guidance to Licensing Authorities issued by the Gambling Commission under section 25 of the Act.
- 2.3 To recommend that the revised Statement of Principles be adopted by Full Council on 5 December 2012.
- 2.4 This report is for the Committee to consider under its terms of reference no. 2.4.1.7 “to monitor and review policy relating to licensing matters and make recommendations to Cabinet or Council as appropriate in relation to any proposed changes”.

### 3 **TIMESCALE**

Is this a Major Policy Item/Statutory Plan?	<b>YES</b>	If Yes, date for relevant Cabinet Meeting	N/A
Date for relevant Council meeting	<b>5 December 2012</b>	Date for submission to Government Dept <i>(please specify which Government Dept)</i>	N/A

### 4. **CONSULTATION**

- 4.1 The following outlines the procedure taken, in providing the opportunity for members, statutory consultees and members of the public to be involved in the process of reviewing our Statement of Principles
- 4.2 Before determining its Statement for any three year period (as required under s.349 of the Act), the licensing authority must consult the persons listed in s349 (3) as follows:
- a. Chief Officer of Police for the area;
  - b. One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the area;
  - c. One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the authority’s functions under the Act.
- 4.3 For information purposes a list of consultees is attached at **Appendix A**.
- 4.4 An 8 (Eight) week consultation took place between 31 August 2012 and 26 October 2012. The consultation letter gave advice on the following:
- i) Options on where to access and obtain copies of the draft revised Statement
  - ii) Opportunity to make relevant representations, in writing, on the draft Statement
  - iii) Notification that any comments must be received by 26 October 2012
- 4.5 The only response received during the consultation period was that of Cllr Hiller during the licensing committee meeting on 18 October, whose suggested change has been incorporated (please see **Appendix B** for suggested change).

### 5. **CONSIDERATIONS**

- 5.1 In determining its Statement, the licensing authority must have regard to the Gambling Commission’s guidance and give appropriate weight to the views of those whom it has consulted. In determining what weight to give particular representations, the factors taken into account include:
- Who is making the representation (what is their expertise or interest);
  - What the motivation may be for their views;

- How many other people have expressed the same or similar views;
- How far the representations relate to matters that the licensing authority should be including in its Statement.

5.2 A copy of the finalised Statement of Principles showing track changes of inclusions after the consultation process is attached at **Appendix C**.

## **6. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS**

6.1 Legal Services have been consulted on the content of the Statement of Principles. This was to ensure that the provisions of the Act including the licensing objectives and other issues that are key to the way the council approaches and deals with applications, are included in the Statement.

6.2 Legal Services will also be required to ensure that the decision making process is implemented in accordance with the Act, and may also be required to provide legal representation in the event of any appeals to the Magistrate's Court against decisions made by the council, prosecutions being instigated or enforcement action being taken by the council.

## **7. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS**

Gambling Act 2005

Guidance to Licensing Authorities (issued under section 25 of the Act, by the Gambling Commission May 2009)

**LIST OF CONSULTEE'S**

The Gambling Act requires that the following parties are consulted by Licensing Authorities:

One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the authority's area. The authority has therefore consulted:

- The Peterborough Greyhound Stadium
- British Greyhound Racing Board
- Gala Group Ltd
- British Beer and Pub Association
- British Bookmakers Trade Association
- British Casino Association

One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the authority's functions under the Gambling Act 2005:

- Cambridgeshire Constabulary – the chief officer of police
- Cambridgeshire Fire & Rescue Service
- Peterborough City Council – Planning Control
- Peterborough City Council – Neighbourhood Services
- Peterborough City Council – Directors
- Peterborough City Council – Ward & Parish Councillors
- Local Safeguarding Children Board
- Environment Agency
- HM Revenue & Customs
- The Gambling Commission
- GamCare
- All residents and businesses within the Peterborough area (through the Council website)



**RESPONSES TO CONSULTATION**

Please see below the suggested amendment to paragraph 7.9

Interested parties can also be represented by other persons such as their local councillors and Members of Parliament (MP's). There is a burden on ward councillors who are also licensing committee members to avoid beyond doubt any conflict of interest; therefore care should be taken when seeking representation. If there are any doubts please contact the licensing department.

To replace:

Interested parties can also be represented by other persons such as their local councillors and Members of Parliament (MP's). However should an individual wish to be represented by a councillor care should be taken that the councillor is not part of the licensing committee dealing with the licence application. If there are any doubts please contact the licensing department.

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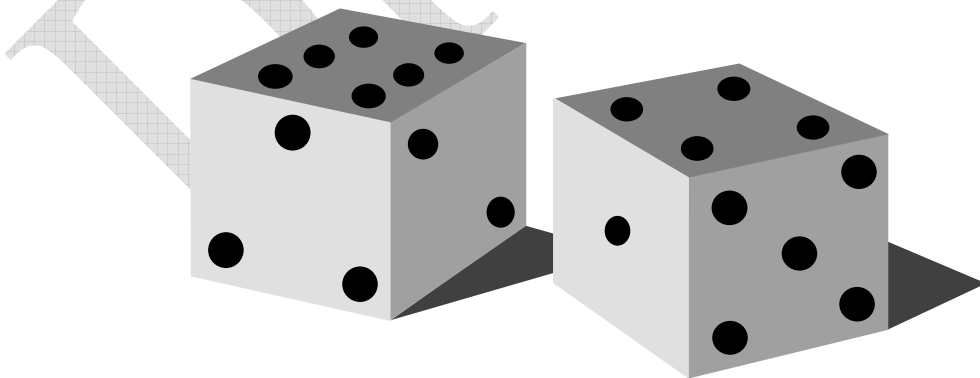
APPENDIX A



# **PETERBOROUGH CITY COUNCIL**

## **GAMBLING ACT 2005**

### **STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES**



**31 January 2013 (proposed)**  
Version 3.1

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## KEY FACTS ABOUT THE CITY OF PETERBOROUGH AND DISTRICT

Peterborough began the 21st century as part of a newly formed Unitary Authority. The city, already home to 183,000 people, continues to expand with new housing developments, the largest of which is Hampton, south of the city. Many of the surrounding villages, such as Eye, Yaxley and Glinton, have also seen great expansion to accommodate the demand for new homes.

The majority of local people work within the area, although convenient road and rail links allow many people to commute - London is now less than an hour away by train. More leisure and tourism facilities are developing as the population grows.

Despite considerable growth, however, the area retains some beautiful and diverse countryside. The city has been chosen as one of the UK's four 'Environment Cities', and the Peterborough Environment City Trust leads initiatives to improve the local environment and to develop practical solutions for a more sustainable future.

Peterborough confidently approaches that future as a place with a very long history of innovation and change.

Our priorities

Creating opportunities - tackling inequalities

Creating strong and supportive communities

Creating the UK's environment capital

Delivering substantial and truly sustainable growth

Please refer to appendix 1 for a map of Peterborough.

## DEFINITIONS

The **Council** means Peterborough City Council

The **Licensing Authority** means the Council acting as defined by section 2 of the Gambling Act 2005.

The **Act** means the Gambling Act 2005.

**Members** means Peterborough City Councillors

The **Licensing Committee** means the full committee or a sub committee of no less than three Members.

**Guidance** means the guidance issued under part 2 section 25 of the Gambling Act 2005 by the Gambling Commission in April 2006

**Child** means an individual who is less than 16 years old, as defined in part 4 section 45(1) of the Act.

A **young person** means an individual who is not a child but who is less than 18 years old, as defined in part 4 section 45(2) of the Act.

**LA** means Local Authorities.

## BACKGROUND

The Gambling Act 2005 (“the Act”) gives effect to the Government’s proposals for reform of the law on gambling. The Act contains a regulatory system to govern the provision of all gambling in Great Britain, other than the National Lottery and spread betting. The Act received Royal Assent on 07 April 2005.

A draft bill was published in November 2003 following a publication of a Government White Paper “A Safe Bet for Success” published in March 2002. The White Paper was the Government’s response to the report of the Gambling Review Body published in July 2001.

The Act introduced a new unified regulator for gambling in Great Britain, the Gambling Commission and a new licensing regime for commercial gambling (to be conducted by the Gambling Commission or by licensing authorities, depending on the matter to be licensed). The Act removed from licensing justices all responsibility for granting gaming and betting permissions, which they exercised previously. Instead, the Gambling Commission and licensing authorities now share between them responsibility for all matters previously regulated by licensing justices.

## **PART A - INTRODUCTION**

### **1. THE LICENSING OBJECTIVES**

1.1 The Act sets out licensing functions to be exercised by licensing authorities in relation to the licensing of premises and the grant of certain permits. In exercising most of these functions licensing authorities must have regard to the licensing objectives, which underpin the regulatory regime.

The licensing objectives are:

- Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime and disorder or being used to support crime,
- Ensuring that gambling is being conducted in a fair and open way, and
- Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

1.2 It should be noted that the Gambling Commission has stated: “The requirement in relation to children is explicitly to protect them from being harmed or exploited by gambling”.

### **2. STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES**

2.1 The Act requires this licensing authority to publish a ‘Statement of Principles’ that it proposes to apply when exercising its functions. This statement must be published at least every three years and amended from time to time with any amended parts re-consulted upon and subsequently re-published.

2.2 This is the third Statement of Principles produced by Peterborough City Council, reviewed due to amendments made by the Gambling Commission to their Guidance to Local Authorities.

### **3. CONSULTATION**

3.1 Peterborough City Council consulted widely upon this statement before finalising and publishing.

3.2 The Gambling Act requires that the following parties are consulted by licensing authorities:

- The Chief Officer of Police
- One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the authority’s area
- One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the authority’s functions under the Gambling Act 2005



For a full list of persons this authority consulted please refer to appendix 2.

- 3.3 The consultation took place between 31 August 2012 and 26 October 2012.

The full list of comments made and the consideration by the council of those comments is available by request to the licensing department.

#### **4. APPROVAL OF POLICY STATEMENT**

- 4.1 This statement was approved at a meeting of the full council on XX December 2012 and was published via our website on XX December 2012.

- 4.2 It should be noted that this statement will not override the right of any person to make an application, make representations about an application or apply for a review of a licence, as each will be considered on its own merits and according to the statutory requirements of the Act.

#### **5. DECLARATION**

- 5.1 The council would like to declare that in producing this Statement it has had regard to the licensing objectives of the Gambling Act 2005, the guidance to Licensing Authorities issued by the Gambling Commission and any responses from those consulted on the statement.

#### **6. RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES**

- 6.1 As required by regulations licensing authorities are to state the principles it will apply in exercising its powers under Section 157(h) of the Act to designate, in writing, a body which is competent to advise the authority about the protection of children from harm. The principles are:

- The need for the body to be responsible for an area covering the whole of the licensing authority's area; and
- The need for the body to be answerable to democratically elected persons, rather than any particular vested interest group.

- 6.2 In accordance with the suggestion in the Gambling Commission's guidance to local authorities this authority designates the Local Safeguarding Children Board for this purpose.

For a full list of the Responsible Authorities in relation to premises please refer to appendix 3 or alternatively via the council website.

#### **7. INTERESTED PARTIES**

- 7.1 Interested parties can make representations about licence applications, or apply for a review of an existing licence.

- 7.2 For the purposes of this part a person is an interested party in relation to an application for or in respect of a premises licence, if in the opinion of this licensing authority the person:
- Lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities;
  - Has business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities; or
  - Represents persons who satisfy the above.
- 7.3 Licensing authorities are required to state the principles they will apply in exercising their powers under the Act to determine whether a person is an interested party. The principles this authority will apply are:
- 7.4 Each case shall be decided upon its own merits. This authority will not apply a rigid rule to its decision making. It will however consider the following in accordance with the Gambling Commission's guidance for local authorities.
- 7.5 When determining what "sufficiently close to the premises" means (in each case), this authority might include:
- The size of the premises
  - The nature of the premises
  - The distance of the premises from the location of the person making the representation
  - The potential impact of the premises (number of customers, routes likely to be taken by those visiting the establishment), and
  - The circumstances of the complainant. This is not the personal characteristics of the complainant, but the interests of the complainant which may be relevant to the distance from the premises. For example, it could be reasonable for an authority to conclude that "sufficiently close to be likely to be affected" could have a different meaning for (a) a private resident (b) a residential school for children with truanting problems and (c) a residential hostel for vulnerable adults.
- 7.6 In relation to "persons with business interests that could be affected" it could be argued that any gambling business could be affected by another gambling business expanding into any part of Great Britain, however that is unlikely to satisfy the test of being "a person with business interests that could be affected by the premises" under consideration. It should be borne in mind however that the "demand test" in the 1963 and 1968 Acts have not been preserved in the Gambling Act 2005 therefore unmet demand is not a criterion for a licensing authority in considering an application.
- 7.7 Factors that this licensing authority is likely to include are:
- The size of the premises;
  - The 'catchment' area of the premises (i.e. how far people travel to visit); and
  - Whether the person making a representation has business interests in that catchment area that might be affected.

- 7.8 The Gambling Commission recommended in its guidance that licensing authorities should state that interested parties include trade associations, trade unions, residents' and tenants' associations. This authority however will not generally view these bodies as interested parties unless they have a member who can be classed as an interested party under the terms of the Act e.g. lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the activities applied for.
- 7.9 Interested parties can also be represented by other persons such as their local councillors and Members of Parliament (MP's). There is a burden on ward councillors who are also licensing committee members to avoid beyond doubt any conflict of interest; therefore care should be taken when seeking representation. If there are any doubts please contact the licensing department.

## **8. EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION**

8.1 Licensing authorities are required to include in their statement, the principles to be applied under Section 29 and 30 of the Act with respect to the exchange of information between the licensing authority and the Gambling Commission, and the functions under section 350 of the Act with the respect of information between it and the other persons listed in schedule 6 of the Act:

- A Constable or Police Force
- An Enforcement Officer
- A Licensing Authority
- Her Majesty's Commissioners of Customs and Excise
- The Gambling Commission
- The National Lottery Commission
- The Secretary of State
- The Scottish Ministers

8.2 The principle that this licensing authority applies is that it will act in accordance with provisions of the Act in its exchange of information which includes the provision that the Data Protection Act 1998 will not be contravened. This licensing authority shall have regard to the guidance issued by the Gambling Commission as and when it is published on this matter, as well as any relevant regulations issued by the Secretary of State under the powers provided in the Act.

8.3 Should any protocols be established as regards information exchange with other bodies then they will be made available. Please contact the licensing team for further information on our protocols.

## **9. ENFORCEMENT**

9.1 Licensing authorities are required by regulation to state the principles they propose to apply in exercising the functions under Part 15 of the Act with respect

to the inspection of premises and the powers under Section 346 of the Act to instigate criminal proceedings in respect of the offences specified.

- 9.2 This licensing authority's principles are that it shall be guided by the Gambling Commission's guidance and will endeavour to be:
- proportionate – regulators should only intervene when necessary. Remedies should be appropriate to the risk posed and costs identified and minimised
  - accountable – authorities must be able to justify decisions and be subject to public scrutiny
  - consistent – rules and standards must be joined up and implemented fairly.
  - transparent – regulators should be open, and keep regulations simple and user friendly; and
  - targeted – enforcement should be focused on the problems and minimise side effects
- 9.3 This licensing authority will endeavour to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, so far as is possible and adopt a risk based inspection programme.
- 9.4 The main enforcement and compliance role of the licensing authority in terms of the Gambling Act 2005 will be to ensure compliance with the premises licences and other permissions which it authorises. The Gambling Commission will be the enforcement body for the operating and personal licences. It is also worth noting that concerns about manufacturer, supply or repair of gaming machines will not be dealt with by the licensing authority but will be notified to the Gambling Commission.
- 9.5 The licensing authority's enforcement concordat is available upon request to the licensing department.

## **10 PUBLIC REGISTER**

- 10.1 In accordance with section 156 of the Act, Peterborough City Council maintains an electronic public register which contains premises licences issued by the authority. The register is available to view at [www.peterborough.gov.uk](http://www.peterborough.gov.uk). This information is available for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable times. Further information such as fees can also be found on the website.

## **11. DECISION MAKING / DELEGATION**

- 11.1 When determining applications this licensing authority will have regard to the guidance issued by the Gambling Commission, any relevant code of practice, this policy and the licensing objectives. Determination of applications made to the licensing authority will be made either by the full council, the licensing committee, or a sub-committee of the licensing committee or by authorised officers, in accordance with section 153 of the Act.

11.2 Where relevant representations are raised which cannot be resolved by mediation, matters will either be referred to the licensing committee or the sub-committee of the licensing committee.

For a summary of this licensing authorities delegations permitted under the Gambling Act 2005 please refer to appendix 4.

## 12. LICENSING AUTHORITY FUNCTIONS

12.1 Licensing authorities are required under the Act to:

- be responsible for the licensing of premises where gambling activities are to take place by issuing **Premises Licences**
- issue **Provisional Statements**
- regulate members' clubs and miners welfare institutes who wish to undertake certain gaming activities via issuing **Club Gaming permits** and/or **Club Machine Permits**
- issue **Club Machine Permits to Commercial Clubs**
- grant permits for the use of certain lower stake gaming machines at **Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centres**
- receive notifications from alcohol licensed premises (under the Licensing Act 2003) for the use of two or fewer gaming machines
- issue **Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits** for premises licensed to sell/supply alcohol for consumption on the licensed premises, under the Licensing Act 2003, where there are more than two machines
- register **Small Society Lotteries** below prescribed thresholds
- issue **Prize Gaming Permits**
- receive and endorse **Temporary Use Notices**
- receive **Occasional Use Notices**
- provide information to the Gambling Commission regarding details of licences issued
- maintain registers of the permits and licences that are issued under these functions

12.2 It should be noted that local licensing authorities will not be involved in licensing remote gambling at all. This will fall to the Gambling Commission via operating licences.

## **PART B - PREMISES LICENCES**

### **13. GENERAL PRINCIPLES**

13.1 Premises licences are subject to the requirements set-out in the Gambling Act 2005 and regulations, as well as specific mandatory and default conditions which are detailed in regulations issued by the Secretary of State. Licensing authorities are able to exclude default conditions and also attach others, where considered to be appropriate.

13.2 This licensing authority is aware that in making decisions about premises licences it should aim to permit the use of premises for gambling in so far as it thinks it:

- in accordance with any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission
- in accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission
- reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives, and
- in accordance with the authority's Statement of Principles

#### **13.3 Definition of “premises”**

In the Act, “premises” is defined as including “any place”. Section 152 of the Act prevents more than one premises licence applying to any one place. However, it is possible for a single building to be subject to more than one premises licence, provided they are for different parts of the building and the different parts of the building can reasonably be regarded as being different premises. However, this licensing authority will pay particular attention if there are issues about subdivisions of a single building or plot and will ensure that mandatory conditions relating to access between premises are observed.

Whether different parts of a building can properly be regarded as being separate premises will always be a question of fact in the circumstances. The location of the premises will clearly be an important consideration and the suitability of the division is likely to be a matter of discussion between the operator and the licensing officer.

The local authority will consider the Gambling Commission's Guidance and all other circumstances of the case in making any decision as to what can properly be regarded as premises.

#### **13.4 Premises “ready for gambling”**

The guidance states that a licence to use premises for gambling should only be issued in relation to premises that the licensing authority can be satisfied are going to be ready to be used for gambling in the reasonably near future,

consistent with the scale of building or alterations required before the premises are brought into use.

If the construction of a premises is not yet complete, or if they need alteration, or if the applicant does not yet have the right to occupy them, then an application for a provisional statement should be made instead.

### 13.5 Location

Demand issues cannot be considered with regards to the location of premises but that issues in terms of licensing objectives can. This authority will pay particular attention to the protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling, as well as issues of crime and disorder. Should any specific policy be decided upon as regards areas where gambling premises should not be located, this statement will be updated. Each application will be decided on its merits, with the onus upon the applicant showing how potential concerns can be overcome.

### 13.6 Duplication with Other Regulatory Regimes

This licensing authority will seek to avoid any duplication with other statutory/regulatory systems where possible, including planning. This authority will not consider whether a licence application is likely to be awarded planning permission or building regulations approval, in its consideration of any application. The licensing authority will listen to, and consider carefully, any concerns about conditions which cannot be met by licensees due to planning restrictions, should such a situation arise.

### 13.7 Licensing Objectives

Premises licences granted must be reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives, this licensing authority has considered the Gambling Commission's guidance to local authorities and some comments are made below.

**13.7.1 Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime** – This licensing authority is aware that the Gambling Commission will be taking a leading role in preventing gambling from being a source of crime. The Gambling Commission's guidance does however envisage that licensing authorities should pay particular attention to the proposed location of gambling premises in terms of this licensing objective. Thus, where an area has known high levels of organised crime this authority will consider carefully whether gambling premises are suitable to be located in such areas and whether conditions may be suitable such as the provision of door supervisors.

**13.7.2 Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way** – This licensing authority has noted that the Gambling Commission has stated that it would



generally not expect licensing authorities to become concerned with ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way as this will be addressed via operating and personal licences.

Further guidance on this issue may be provided by the Gambling Commission and if so this authority will have regard to it, when available.

- 13.7.3 **Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling** – This licensing authority has noted that Gambling Commission guidance states that this objective means preventing children from taking part in gambling (as well as restriction of advertising so that gambling products are not aimed at or are, particularly attractive to children).

There is no definition of ‘vulnerable person’ and it is noted that the Gambling Commission are not seeking to offer one, but this could include people who gamble more than they want to, people who gamble beyond their means and people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to a mental impairment, alcohol or drugs. Should a practical definition prove possible in future then this statement will be updated with it, by way of a revision.

This licensing authority will consider this licensing objective on a case by case basis.

## 13.8 **Conditions**

Any conditions attached to licences will be proportionate and will be:

- relevant to the need to make the proposed building suitable as a gambling facility
- directly related to the premises and the type of licence applied for
- fairly and reasonably related to the scale and type of premises; and
- reasonable in all other respects

- 13.9 Decisions upon individual conditions will be made on a case by case basis, although there are a number of measures this licensing authority may consider using should there be a perceived need, such as the use of supervisors, appropriate signage for adult only areas etc. This licensing authority will also expect the licence applicant to offer his/her own suggestions as to ways in which they can meet the licensing objectives effectively.

- 13.10 This licensing authority will also consider specific measures which may be required for buildings which are subject to multiple premises licences. Such measures may include supervision of entrances; segregation of gambling from non-gambling areas frequented by children; and the supervision of gaming machines in non-adult gambling specific premises in order to pursue the licensing objectives. These matters are in accordance with the Gambling Commission’s guidance.



13.11 This authority will also ensure where necessary and deemed appropriate that where category C or above machines are on offer in premises to which children are admitted:

- all such machines are located in an area of the premises which is separated from the remainder of the premises by a physical barrier which is effective to prevent access other than through a designated entrance
- only adults are admitted to the area where these machines are located
- access to the area where the machines are located is supervised
- the area where these machines are located is arranged so that it can be observed by the staff or the licence holder; and
- at the entrance to and inside any such areas there are prominently displayed notices indicating that access to the area is prohibited to persons under 18

13.12 As the licensing authority we note that there are conditions which we are unable to attach to premises licences, these are:

- any condition on the premises licence which makes it impossible to comply with an operating licence condition
- conditions relating to gaming machine categories, numbers, or method of operation
- conditions which provide that a membership of a club or body be required for casino and bingo clubs (the Act specifically removed the membership requirement)
- conditions in relation to stakes, fees, winning or prizes

13.13 This licensing authority may consider a need for door supervisors in terms of the licensing objectives for protection of children and vulnerable persons and preventing premises becoming a source of crime or disorder. Door supervisors at casinos or bingo premises are exempt from the requirements of the Private Security Industry Act 2001. Where this authority imposes door supervision requirements on such licences, the personnel will not need licensing under the 2001 Act. This authority may however consider imposing the requirement of a Criminal Record Bureau check on door supervisors, by way of a condition on a licence.

13.14 For premises other than casinos and bingo premises, operators and licensing authorities may decide that supervision of entrances / machines is appropriate for particular cases but it will need to be decided whether these shall be SIA licensed or not. It will not be automatically assumed that they shall be.

## **14. ADULT GAMING CENTRES**

14.1 This licensing authority will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the authority that there will be sufficient measures to address these issues.

14.2 This licensing authority will expect applicants to offer their own measures to meet licensing objectives however appropriate measures / licence conditions may cover issues such as:

- proof of age schemes
- CCTV
- supervision of entrances / machine areas
- physical separation
- location of entry
- notices / signage
- self barring schemes
- provision of information leaflets / helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

## **15. LICENSED FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT CENTRES**

15.1 This licensing authority will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the authority that there will be sufficient measures to, ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only gaming machine areas.

15.2 This licensing authority will expect applicants to offer their own measures to meet licensing objectives however appropriate measures / licence conditions may cover issues such as:

- CCTV
- supervision of entrances / machine areas
- notices / signage
- physical separation of areas
- specific opening hours
- self barring schemes
- provision of information leaflets / helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare
- suspected child truancy handling training

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

15.3 This licensing authority will, as per the Gambling Commission's guidance, refer to the Gambling Commission's website to see any conditions that apply to operating licences covering the way in which the area containing the category C machines should be delineated.

For a full list of machine categories please refer to appendix 5.

## 16. CASINOS

- 16.1 This authority has not passed a 'no casino' resolution under Section 166 of the Gambling Act 2005, but is aware that it has the powers to do so. Should this authority decide in the future to pass such a resolution, it will update this statement with details of that resolution. Any such decision would need to be made by full council.

## 17. BETTING PREMISES

- 17.1 **Betting machines** - This licensing authority will, as per the Gambling Commission's guidance, take into account the size the premises, the number of counter positions available for person-to-person transactions, and the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons (it is an offence for those under 18 to bet) or by vulnerable people, when considering the number/nature/circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer.
- 17.2 There is no evidence that the operation of betting offices has required door supervisors for the protection of the public. This authority will make a door supervision requirement only if there is clear evidence from the history of trading at the premises that the premises cannot be adequately supervised from the counter and that the door supervision is both necessary and proportionate.

## 18. TRACKS

- 18.1 This licensing authority is aware that tracks may be subject to one or more than one premises licence, provided each licence relates to a specified area of the track. As per the Gambling Commission's guidance, this licensing authority will especially consider the impact upon the third licensing objective (i.e. the protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling) and the need to ensure that entrances to each type of premises are distinct and that children are excluded from gambling areas where they are not permitted to enter.
- 18.2 This licensing authority will therefore expect the premises licence applicant to demonstrate suitable measures to ensure that children do not have access to adult only gaming facilities. It is noted that children and young persons will be permitted to enter track areas where facilities for betting are provided on days when dog-racing and / or horse racing takes place, but that they are still prevented from entering areas where gaming machines (other than category D machines) are provided.
- 18.3 Applicants will be expected to offer their own measures to meet the licensing objectives however appropriate measures / licence conditions may cover issues such as:
- proof of age schemes
  - location of gaming machines

- supervision of entrances / machine areas
- notices / signage
- provision of information leaflets / helpline numbers for organisations such as Gamcare

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

18.4 **Betting Machines** – This licensing authority will as per the Gambling Commission’s Guidance, take into account the size of the premises, the number of counter positions available for person-to-person transactions, and the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons (it is an offence for those under 18 to bet) or by vulnerable people, when considering the number/nature/circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer. We will also take note of the Gambling Commission’s suggestion that licensing authorities will want to consider restricting the number and location of such machines in respect of applications for track betting premises licences.

18.5 **Condition on rules being displayed** - The Gambling Commission has advised in its guidance for local authorities that “...licensing authorities should attach a condition to track premises licences requiring the track operator to ensure that the rules are prominently displayed in or near the betting areas, or that other measures are taken to ensure that they are made available to the public. For example, the rules could be printed in the race-card or made available in leaflet form from the track office.”

18.6 **Applications and plans** – The Gambling Act requires applicants to submit plans of the premises with their application, in order to ensure that the licensing authority has the necessary information to make an informed judgement about whether the premises are fit for gambling.

The Gambling Commission's suggestion "To ensure that licensing authorities gain a proper understanding of what they are being asked to license they should, in their licensing policies, set out the information that they will require, which should include detailed plans for the racetrack itself and the area that will be used for temporary “on-course” betting facilities (often known as the “betting ring”) and in the case of dog tracks and horse racecourses fixed and mobile pool betting facilities operated by the Tote or track operator, as well as any other proposed gambling facilities." and that "Plans should make clear what is being sought for authorisation under the track betting premises licence and what, if any, other areas are to be subject to a separate application for a different type of premises licence."

18.7 This authority appreciates that it is sometimes difficult to define the precise location of betting areas on tracks. The precise location of where betting facilities are provided is not required to be shown on track plans, both by virtue of the fact that betting is permitted anywhere on the premises and because of the difficulties associated with pinpointing exact locations for some types of track. Applicants should provide sufficient information that this authority can satisfy itself that the

plan indicates the main areas where betting might take place. For racecourses in particular, any betting areas subject to the “five times rule” (commonly known at betting rings) must be indicated on the plan.

In rare cases where the outer perimeter cannot be defined, it is likely that the track in question will not be specifically designed for the frequent holding of sporting events or races. In such cases betting facilities may be better provided through occasional use notices where the boundary premises do not need to be defined.

## **19. BINGO PREMISES**

19.1 This licensing authority notes that the Gambling Commission’s guidance states:

It is important that if children are allowed to enter premises licensed for bingo that they do not participate in gambling, other than on category D machines. Where category C or above machines are available in premises to which children are admitted licensing authorities should ensure that:

- all such machines are located in an area of the premises separate from the remainder of the premises by a physical barrier which is effective to prevent access other than through a designated entrance
- only adults are admitted to the area where the machines are located
- access to the area where machines are located is supervised
- the area where the machines are located is arranged so that it can be observed by staff of the operator or the licence holder; and
- at the entrance to, and inside any such area there are prominently displayed notices indicating that access to the area is prohibited to persons under 18

19.2 This authority shall to satisfy itself that bingo can be played in any bingo premises for which a premises licence has been issued. This will be a relevant consideration where the operator of an existing bingo premises applies to vary their licence to exclude an area of the existing premises from its ambit and then applies for a new premises licence, or multiple licences, for that or those excluded areas.

## **20. TRAVELLING FAIRS**

20.1 It will fall to this licensing authority to decide whether, where category D machines and / or equal chance gaming without a permit is to be made available for use at travelling fairs, the statutory requirement that the facilities for gambling amount to no more than an ancillary amusement at the fair is met. This licensing authority will also consider whether the applicant falls within the statutory definition of a travelling fair.

20.2 It has been noted that the 27-day statutory maximum for land being used as a fair is per calendar year, and that it applies to the piece of land on which the fairs are held, regardless of whether it is the same or different travelling fairs occupying the land. This licensing authority will work with its neighbouring

authorities to ensure that land which crosses its boundaries is monitored so that the statutory limits are not exceeded.

## **21. PROVISIONAL STATEMENTS**

21.1 Developers may wish to apply to this authority for provisional statements before entering into a contract to buy or lease property or land to judge whether a development is worth taking forward in light of the need to obtain a premises licence. There is no need for the applicant to hold an operating licence in order to apply for a provisional statement.

The Gambling Act provides for a person to make an application to the licensing authority for a provisional statement in respect of premises that he or she:

- expect to be constructed;
- expects to be altered; or
- expects to acquire a right to occupy.

21.2 The holder of a provisional statement may then apply for a premises licence once the premises are constructed, altered or acquired.

21.3 In terms of representations about premise licence applications, following the grant of a provisional statement, no further representations from relevant authorities or interested parties can be taken into account unless they concern matters which could not have been addressed at the provisional statement stage, or they reflect a change in the applicant's circumstances. In addition, this authority may refuse the premises licence (or grant it on terms different to those attached to the provisional statement) only by reference to matters:

- which could not have been raised by objectors at the provisional licence stage; or
- which in the authority's opinion reflect a change in the operator's circumstances

## **22. REVIEWS**

22.1 Requests for a review of a premise licence can be made by interested parties or responsible authorities; however, it is for this licensing authority to decide whether the review is to be carried out. This will be on the basis of whether the request for the review is relevant to the matters listed below

- in accordance with any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission;
- in accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
- reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives; and
- in accordance with the authorities statement of principles.

The request for the review will also be subject to the consideration by the authority as to whether the request is frivolous, vexatious, or whether it will certainly not cause this authority to wish to alter/revoke/suspend the licence, or whether it is substantially the same as previous representations or requests for review.

- 22.2 This licensing authority can also initiate a review of a licence on the basis of any reason which it considers is appropriate.
- 22.3 Once a valid application for a review has been received, representations can be made by responsible authorities and interested parties during a 28 day period. This period begins 7 days after the application was received by the licensing authority, who will publish notice of the application within 7 days of receipt. The licensing authority must carry out the review as soon as possible after the 28 day period for making representations has passed.
- 22.4 The purpose of the review will be to determine whether the licensing authority should take any action in relation to the licence. If action is justified, the options open to the licensing authority are:-
- a) add remove or amend a licence condition imposed by the licensing authority;
  - b) exclude a default condition imposed by the Secretary of State (e.g. opening hours) or amend such an exclusion;
  - c) suspend the premises licence for a period not exceeding three months; and/or
  - d) revoke the premises licence.

In determining what action, if any, should be taken following a review, the licensing authority must have regard to the principles set out in section 153 of the Act, as well as any relevant representations.

- 22.5 In particular, the licensing authority may initiate a review of a premises licence on the grounds that a premises licence holder has not provided facilities for gambling at the premises. This is to prevent people from applying for licences in a speculative manner without intending to use them.



## **PART C - PERMITS / TEMPORARY & OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES**

### **23. UNLICENSED FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT CENTRE GAMING MACHINE PERMITS**

- 23.1 Where a premises does not hold a premises licence but wishes to provide category D gaming machines, it may apply to this licensing authority for this permit. It should be noted that the applicant must show that the premises will be wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available for use.
- 23.2 This licensing authority will expect the applicant to show that there are policies and procedures in place to protect children and other vulnerable persons from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider protection considerations. The efficiency of such policies and procedures will each be considered on their own merits, however, they may include appropriate measures / training for staff as regards suspected truant school children on the premises, measures / training covering how staff would deal with unsupervised very young children being on the premises, or children causing perceived problems on / around the premises.
- 23.3 This licensing authority will expect that applicants demonstrate a full understanding of the licensing objectives as well as the maximum stakes and prizes of the gambling that is permissible in Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centres; that the applicant has no relevant convictions and that staff are trained to have a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes.

### **24. (ALCOHOL) LICENSED PREMISES GAMING MACHINE PERMITS**

- 24.1 There is provision in the Act for premises licensed to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises, to automatically have two gaming machines, of category C and / or D. To take advantage of this entitlement, the person who holds the on-premises licence must give notice to this licensing authority of their intention to make gaming machines available for use, and must pay the prescribed fee.
- 24.2 This licensing authority can remove the automatic authorisation in respect of any particular premises if:
- provision of the machines is not reasonably consistent with the pursuit of the licensing objectives
  - gaming has taken place on the premises that breaches a condition of Section 282 of the Gambling Act (i.e. that written notice has been provided to the licensing authority, that a fee has been provided and that any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission about the location and operation of the machine has been complied with)
  - the premises are mainly used for gaming; or
  - an offence under the Act has been committed on the premises



24.3 If a premises wishes to have more than two machines, an application for a permit is required and this licensing authority shall consider that application based upon the licensing objectives, any guidance issued by the Gambling Commission under Section 25 of the Act, and “such matters as they think relevant”. This authority considers that “such matters” will be decided on a case by case basis but generally there will be regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the authority that there will be sufficient measures in place to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only gaming machines.

Such measures may include:

- adult machines being in site of bar
- notices / signage

24.4 It should be noted that the holder of a permit must comply with any Code of Practice issued by the Gambling Commission about the location and operation of the machine.

24.5 It is recognised that some alcohol licensed premises may apply for a premises licence for their non-alcohol licensed areas. Any such application would most likely need to be applied for, and dealt with as an Adult Gaming Centre premises licence.

24.6 Where an application is received for more than 19 gambling machines in alcohol licensed premises Officers will have the discretion to arrange a hearing for members to consider the application.

24.7 It should be noted that this licensing authority can decide to grant the application with a smaller number of machines and / or different category of machines than applied for. Conditions (other than these) cannot be attached.

## **25. PRIZE GAMING PERMITS**

25.1 This licensing authority can grant or refuse an application for a permit, but cannot add conditions. This licensing authority can only grant an application for a permit if it has consulted with the chief officer of police about the application. This licensing authority will take into account any objections that the police may make which are relevant to the licensing objectives. Relevant considerations would be the suitability of the applicant in terms of any convictions that they may have that would make them unsuitable to operate prize gaming; and the suitability of the premises in relation to their location and issues about disorder.

25.2 Given that the premises will particularly appeal to children and young persons, in considering what to take into account in the application process and what information to request from the applicant, this licensing authority will give weight to child protection issues. Applicants will be required to set out the types of

gaming that he or she is intending to offer and the applicant should be able to demonstrate:

- that they understand the limits to stakes and prizes that are set out in regulations; and
- that the gaming offered is within the law.

25.3 The licensing authority will determine each application on its own merits.

*(The Council as a licensing authority has the remit to set its own criteria for the above statement of principles on permits – the principles as set out above reflect the general issues considered to be most relevant by a number of other licensing authorities)*

25.4 In making its decision on an application for this permit the licensing authority does not need to have regard to the licensing objectives but must have regard to any Gambling Commission's guidance.

25.5 It should be noted that there are conditions in the Gambling Act 2005 to which the permit holder must comply, but that the licensing authority cannot attach conditions. The conditions in the Act are:

- the limits on participation fees, as set out in regulations, must be complied with;
- all chances to participate in the gaming must be allocated on the premises on which the gaming is taking place and on one day; the game must be played and completed on the day the chances are allocated; and the result of the game must be made public in the premises on the day that it is played;
- the prize for which the game is played must not exceed the amount set out in regulations (if a money prize), or the prescribed value (if non-monetary prize); and
- participation in the gaming must not entitle the player to take part in any other gambling.

## **26. CLUB GAMING AND CLUB GAMING MACHINE PERMITS**

26.1 Members Clubs and Miners' Welfare Institutes (but **not** Commercial Clubs) may apply for a Club Gaming Permit. The Club Gaming Permit will enable the premises to provide gaming machines (3 machines, of which one may be a category B3A, the others being of categories B4, C or D), equal chance gaming and games of chance as prescribed in regulations.

26.2 Members Clubs and Miner's welfare institutes – and also Commercial Clubs – may apply for a Club Machine Permit. A Club Machine permit will enable the premises to provide gaming machines (3 machines of categories B, C or D). NB Commercial Clubs may not site category B3A gaming machines offering lottery games in their club.

- 26.3 Members clubs must have at least 25 members and be established and conducted 'wholly or mainly' for the purposes other than gaming, unless the gaming is permitted by separate regulations. A members club must be permanent in nature, not established to make commercial profit, and controlled by its members equally.
- 26.4 This licensing authority is aware that it may only refuse an application on the grounds that:
- the applicant does not fulfil the requirements for a members' or commercial club or miners' welfare institute and therefore is not entitled to receive the type of permit for which it has applied
  - the applicant's premises are used wholly or mainly by children and / or young persons
  - an offence under the Act or a breach of a permit has been committed by the applicant while providing gaming facilities
  - a permit held by the applicant has been cancelled in the previous ten years; or
  - an objection has been lodged by the Gambling Commission or the police.
- 26.5 There are statutory conditions on club gaming permits that no child uses a category B or C machine on the premises and that the holder complies with any relevant provision of a code of practice about the location and operation of gaming machines.

## **27. TEMPORARY USE NOTICES**

- 27.1 A Temporary Use Notice (TUN) allows the use of premises for gambling where there is no premises licence but where a gambling operator wishes to use the premises temporarily for facilities for gambling. A Temporary Use Notice may only be granted to a person or company holding a relevant operating licence issued by the Gambling Commission.
- 27.2 The Secretary of State has the power to determine what form of gambling can be authorised by Temporary Use Notices, and at the time of revising this Statement the relevant regulations state that Temporary Use Notices can only be used to permit the provision of facilities of equal chance gaming, where the gaming is intended to produce a single winner, which in practice means poker tournaments.
- 27.3 There are a number of statutory limits as regards Temporary Use Notices. It is noted that it falls to licensing authorities to decide what constitutes a 'set of premises' where TUN's are received relating to the same building / site.

## **28. OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES**

- 28.1 This licensing authority has very little discretion as regards these notices aside from ensuring that the statutory limit of 8 days in a calendar year is not

exceeded. This licensing authority will though consider the definition of a 'track' and whether the applicant is permitted to avail him/herself of the notice.

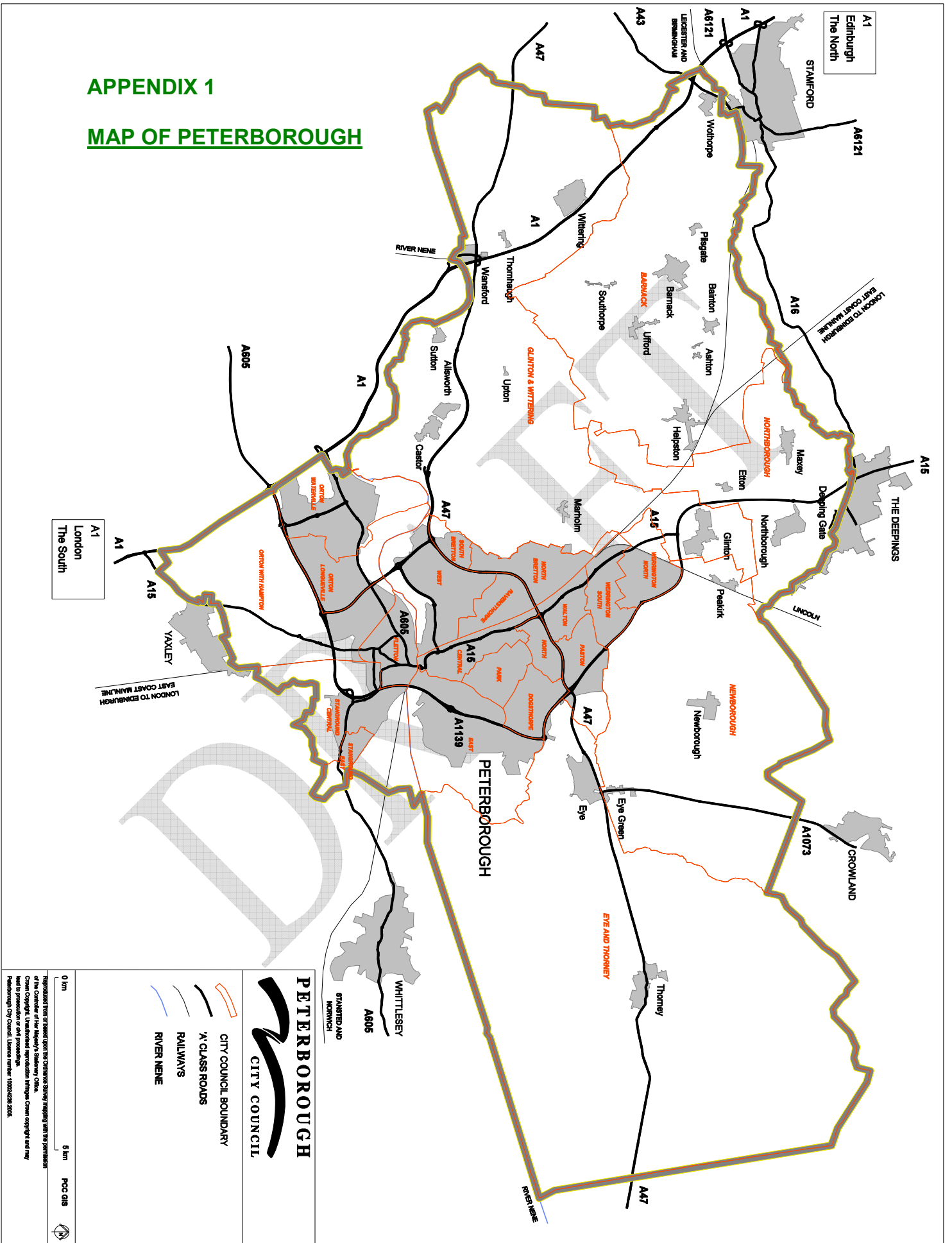
## **29. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Further information on the application process, application forms and applicable fees can be found at [www.peterborough.gov.uk](http://www.peterborough.gov.uk)

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# APPENDIX 1

## MAP OF PETERBOROUGH



## APPENDIX 2

### LIST OF CONSULTEE'S

The Gambling Act requires that the following parties are consulted by Licensing Authorities:

One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the authority's area. The authority has therefore consulted:

- The Peterborough Greyhound Stadium
- British Greyhound Racing Board
- Gala Group Ltd
- British Beer and Pub Association
- British Bookmakers Trade Association
- British Casino Association

One or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the authority's functions under the Gambling Act 2005:

- Cambridgeshire Constabulary – the chief officer of police
- Cambridgeshire Fire & Rescue Service
- Peterborough City Council – Planning Control
- Peterborough City Council – Neighbourhood Services
- Peterborough City Council – Directors
- Peterborough City Council – Ward & Parish Councillors
- Local Safeguarding Children Board
- Environment Agency
- HM Revenue & Customs
- The Gambling Commission
- GamCare
- All residents and businesses within the Peterborough area (through the Council website)

## APPENDIX 3

### **GAMBLING ACT 2005** **RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES CONTACT DETAILS**

#### **THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES:**

##### **Licensing Team:**

The Licensing Team  
Peterborough City Council  
Bayard Place  
Broadway  
Peterborough  
PE1 1HZ  
Telephone: 01733 747474  
Email: [gambling@peterborough.gov.uk](mailto:gambling@peterborough.gov.uk)

##### **The Gambling Commission:**

Victoria Square House  
Victoria Square  
Birmingham B2 4BP  
Tel: 0121 230 6500  
Fax: 0121 237 2236  
Email: [info@gamblingcommission.gov.uk](mailto:info@gamblingcommission.gov.uk)

##### **Cambridgeshire Constabulary:**

Licensing Department  
Cambridgeshire Constabulary North Division  
Bridge Street  
Peterborough  
PE1 1EH

##### **Cambridgeshire Fire and Rescue:**

Cambridgeshire Fire & Rescue Service  
Peterborough District  
Dogsthorpe Fire Station  
Dogsthorpe Road  
Peterborough  
PE1 3RE

##### **Neighbourhood Services:**

Strategic Regulatory Services  
Pollution Control  
Peterborough City Council  
Bayard Place  
Broadway  
Peterborough  
PE1 1HZ

**Planning:**

Planning Services  
Stuart House (East Wing)  
St Johns Street  
Peterborough  
PE1 5DD

**HM Revenue & Customs:**

National Registration Unit  
Portcullis House  
21 India House  
Glasgow  
G2 4PZ

**Safeguarding Children Board:**

Safeguarding Service Manager  
Bayard Place  
Broadway  
Peterborough  
PE1 1FB

**For Vessels the certifying Authority will be:-**

Environment Agency  
Kingfisher House  
Goldhay Way  
Orton Goldhay  
Peterborough  
PE2 5ZR



## APPENDIX 4

Summary of licensing authority delegations permitted under the Gambling Act 2005.

Matter to be dealt with	Full Council	Sub-committee of licensing committee	Officers
Final approval of three year licensing policy	X		
Policy not to permit casinos	X		
Fee setting (when appropriate)			X
Application for premises licences		Where representations have been received and not withdrawn	Where no representations received/ representations have been withdrawn
Application for a variation to a licence		Where representations have been received and not withdrawn	Where no representations received/ representations have been withdrawn
Application for a transfer of licence		Where representations have been received from the Commission	Where no representations received from the Commission
Application for a provisional statement		Where representations have been received and not withdrawn	Where no representations received/ representations have been withdrawn
Review of a premise licence		X	
Application for club gaming/club machine permits		Where objections have been made (and not withdrawn)	Where no objections made/objections have been withdrawn
Cancellation of club gaming/club machine permits		X	
Applications for other permits			X
Cancellation of licensed premises gaming machine permits			X
Consideration of temporary use notice			X
Decision to give counter notice to temporary use notice		X	

## APPENDIX 5

Section 236 of the Act provides for the Secretary of State to make regulations to define four classes of gaming machine: categories A, B, C and D, with category B to be further divided into sub-categories.

The below table sets out the current proposals for the different categories with the maximum stakes and prizes that apply (please note the below information is subject to change upon regulations being set).

Category of Machine	Maximum Stake	Maximum Prize
A	Unlimited	Unlimited
B1	£2	£4,000
B2	£100 (in multiples of £10)	£500
B3	£2	£500
B3A	£1	£500
B4	£1	£250
C	£1	£70
D Non-money prize (other than a crane grab machine)	30p	£8
D Non money prize (crane grab machine)	£1	£50
D (Money prize)	10p	£5
D Combined money and non-money prize (other than a coin pusher or penny falls machine)	10p	£8 (of which no more than £5 may be money prize)
D Combined money and non money prize (coin pusher or penny falls machine)	10p	£15 (of which no more than £8 may be a money prize)

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